תעתק ותרגם: ד"ר אסף בר משה

## מקרא הקיצורים:

HE()HE = Words in Modern Hebrew  $^{\mathrm{JB}}()^{\mathrm{JB}}$  Words in the Jewish dialects of Baghdad M()M = Words in a Muslim Arabic dialect

## ydəhhn-ū l-əl-walad (They would anoint the child)

Speaker: Ruhama Rahamim (עין הרע: 0:00-0:54)

nḥuṭṭ b-əṣ-<sup>HE</sup>(ṣalaḥat)<sup>HE</sup>... We would put in a plate... yḥaţţūn... b-ma<sup>c</sup>ūn, nḥuṭṭ sīġaǧ, <sup>M</sup>(ḥərgū-ha)<sup>M</sup> H<sup>E</sup>(be-²eš)<sup>HE</sup>. yğibūn mayy, <sup>JB</sup>(yaxdōn)<sup>JB</sup> mn-əd-darub, <sup>не</sup>(тауәт, ḥol)<sup>HE</sup>, yḥaṭṭūn b-əl-mayy, wu-yḥaṭṭ-ū ʿala... əl-ma<sup>r</sup>ūn, wu-ydəhhn-ū, ydəhhn-ū l-əl-walad. they would anoint the child (with it). yḥaṭṭōn <sup>M</sup>(³trāb)<sup>M</sup> b-əl-ma<sup>ç</sup>ūn, <sup>HE</sup>(mayəm)<sup>HE</sup> wu-trāb.

they would put... in a plate... we would put sesame oil, and heat it over fire. (Then) they would bring water, which they take from the street, (they take) water, and sand, and they put (the sand) in the water, and they put it on... the plate, and they anoint him,

They put sand in the plate,

water and sand.

## ġṣāṣa (lead ball)

Speaker: Ruhama Rahamim (עין הרע: 1:00-1:27)

ġṣāṣa, ymaww<sup>r</sup>ū-ha b-əṭ-ṭāwa, <sup>HE</sup>('im)<sup>HE</sup>-sīġaǧ, wu-yṣabbū-ha 'ala-<sup>M</sup>(rās)<sup>M</sup>-hum, b-əl-ma'ūn.

ydəhhn-ūm. <sup>JB</sup>(yaxdōn)<sup>JB ə</sup>šwayy mayya, wu-ydəhhn-ū. <sup>HE</sup>(ze)<sup>HE s</sup>aqīda. (They would take a) lead ball, and melt in down on a pan, with sesame oil, and they would pour it on their head, onto a plate (which is put on top of their head).

They would anoint them.
They would take a little bit of water,
and anoint them with it.
It was a custom.

## <sup>c</sup>afșa

Speaker: Ruhama Rahamim (עין הרע: 1:40-2:56)

<sup>HE</sup> (le-yoledet) <sup>HE</sup> ,	For a woman who has just given birth,
<sup>c</sup> afșa,	(they would make) 'afşa.
bī-ha wad <sup>c</sup> a,	It consisted of wad <sup>c</sup> a,
xaḍərma,	a green bead,
nḥuṭṭ lə-zbīb.	we would also put raisins,
nḥuṭṭ səʿəd,	and mandrake,
nəlḍum-a,	we would string them together,
yləḍmū-ha,	they would string them together,
wu-yləbbsūn,	and they would wear it,
lə-l-walad waḥda,	one for the newborn,
wu-l-əl-əmm waḥda.	and one for the mother,
<sup>M</sup> (rəbʿīn) <sup>M</sup> yōm.	(They would wear it) for forty days.
<sup>не</sup> (sama) <sup>не</sup> b- <sup>не</sup> (sika ʿal-ha-ḥaze) <sup>не</sup> .	(The woman) would attached it to (the
	clothes) next to the chest using a pin.
wu-l-əl-walad <sup>HE</sup> ( <sup>c</sup> al-ha-ḥaze šel-o) <sup>HE</sup> .	And (they would also put it) to the child
	next to his chest.
<sup>c</sup> afṣa.	(This is) <i>ʿafṣa.</i>
<sup>нғ</sup> (axar kax) <sup>нғ</sup> l-әl-walad ḥaṭṭō-l-u ğnār	Then, they would also hang anklets on the
<sup>не</sup> (ро,	newborn,
mekaštim ət-o,	to adorn them,
ʿasu l-o) <sup>HE JB</sup> (ǧnīǧəl) <sup>JB</sup> ,	they would make anklets for them.
ḥəğəl,	An anklet,
<sup>HE</sup> (ṣamid,	like a bracelet,
ʿim-paʿamonim) <sup>нғ</sup> .	with bells.
ğnāğəl,	an anklet,
ğarasāt.	(with) bells.
ğaras.	A bell.